

# Final 2017/18 IDP & Budget Process Plan

August 2016

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#### 1. LEGISLATIVE BACKGROUND

# 1.1. The Integrated Development Plan

Section 35 (1) (a) of the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act 32 of 2000 (MSA) states that the IDP is the principal strategic planning instrument, which guides and informs all planning and development, and all decisions with regard to planning, management and development in a municipal area.

As stipulated in Section 25 of the MSA, an IDP adopted by a municipal council must:

- Link, integrate and coordinate plans and take into account proposals for the development of the municipality.
- Align the resources and capacity of the municipality with the implementation of the plan;
- Form the policy framework and general basis on which annual budgets must be based;
- Complies with the provisions of the MSA, with the particular reference to Chapter 5;and
- Be compatible with national and provincial plans and planning requirements binding on the municipality in terms of legislation.

# 1.2. Adoption of the Municipal Process Plan

In terms of Section 28 of the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, 32 of 2000:

- each municipality Council, within a prescribed period after the start of its elected term, must adopt a
  process set out in writing to guide the planning, drafting, adoption and review of its integrated
  development plan;
- (2) the municipality must through appropriate mechanisms, processes and procedures established in terms of Chapter 4, consult the local community before adopting the process;
- (3) a municipality must give notice to the local community of particulars of the process it intends to follow.

# 1.3. Process to be followed

In terms of Section 29 (1) of the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, 32 of 2000, the process to be followed by a municipality to draft its IDP, including its consideration and adoption of the draft plan, must:-

- (a) be in accordance with a predetermined programme specifying time-frames for the different steps;
- (b) through appropriate mechanisms, processes and procedures established in terms of Chapter 4, allow for:-
  - (i) the local community to be consulted on its development needs and priorities;
  - (ii) the local community to participate in the drafting of the IDP; and
  - (iii) organs of state, including traditional authorities, and other role players to be identified and consulted on the drafting of the IDP;
- (c) provide for the identification of all plans and planning requirements binding on the municipality in terms of national and provincial legislation; and
- (d) Be consistent with ant other matters that may be prescribed by regulation

# 1.4. Management of the drafting process

In terms of Section 30 of the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, 32 of 2000, the Executive Committee of the municipality must, in accordance with section 29:-

- (a) manage the drafting of the municipality IDP;
- (b) assign responsibilities in this regards to the Municipal Manager; and
- (c) submit the draft plan to the Municipal Council for adoption by the Council.

#### 2. SECTOR PLANS AND BINDING PLANS TO BE INCLUDED IN IDPS

Various Local Government legislation and regulations provide, among others, for the key sector plans that must be developed, approved implemented by municipalities. Table A below reflects some of the key sector plans that are required.

# 2.1. KEY SECTOR PLANS

Table A: Compulsory sector plans to be included in IDPs

NO	SECTOR PLANS
1	Spatial Development Framework
2	Financial Plan
3	Applicable Disaster Management Plan
4	Integrated Transport Plan
5	Housing Sector Plan/Strategy
6	Environmental Management Plan
7	Water Services Development Plan
8	(Integrated) Waste Management Plan
9	Public Participation Strategy/Plan (Stakeholder Engagement Strategy/Plan)
10	Communication Strategy/Plan
11	Workplace Skills Development Plan
12	Employment Equity Plan
13	Human Resources Plan
14	Human Resource Development Strategy
15	Performance Management Framework and Policy
16	Recruitment and Selection Strategy
17	Scarce Skills Attraction and Retention Strategy
18	Succession Plan
19	Occupational Health And Safety Plan
20	Anticorruption and Antifraud Strategy
21	LED Strategy
22	Comprehensive Infrastructure Plan
23	Delegations Framework

The legislation requires that if a municipality that has not yet developed its municipal specific sector plans or strategies, it may adopt the relevant District plan or strategy through a Municipal Councilos Resolution.

# 2.2. OTHER PLANS AND ISSUES TO BE CONSIDERED

In terms of Section 153 of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996 municipalities must participate in national and provincial development programmes. Moreover, section 25 (1) (a) of the MSA states that an IDP adopted by the Municipality must be compatible with national and provincial development plans and planning requirements binding on the municipality. Thus the following plans and issues must also be considered when drafting the municipal IDP:

- The National Development Plan
- New Growth Path
- National Spatial Development Perspective

- Medium Term Strategic Framework
- Provincial Strategic Framework
- Provincial Growth and Development Plan
- Mandate of Local Government
- Millennium Development Goals
- National and Provincial Service Delivery targets
- Municipal Turn Around Strategies
- Comments and inputs emanating from IDP processes
- Comments emanating from IDP engagement sessions
- Consideration of outcomes and inputs emanating from stakeholder engagements
- Amendments due to changing circumstances
- Need for general improvements of current processes and systems.
- Resource re-allocation and prioritization
- Organizational development and its intricacies
- Alignment with National and Provincial frameworks and plans
- Review of the previous yearsqplans and lessons learnt
- Reviewed sector plans;
- Councils strategic planning sessions
- National Key Performance Indicators
- Credible IDP Framework

The table B below summarises some other matters that must be considered during the reviewal of the IDPs.

Table B: Framework Guide for credible IDPs

Focus Area	Delivery Focus Area	Performance Definition <sup>1</sup>						
1. Service Delivery	Sanitation	What is the plan, in collaboration with the DM, to achieve the national targets on sanitation and needs of the area?						
	Water	What is the plan, in collaboration with the DM, to achieve the national targets on water provision and management needs of the area?						
	Electricity	What is the plan, in collaboration with ESKOM, to achieve the national targets on electricity provision and needs of the area?						
	Refuse Removal	What is the plan to achieve the national targets on waste removal and management needs of the area?						
	Municipal Roads	What plans are in place to address access roads as well as existing roads maintenance?						
	Infrastructure plans	Other bulk infrastructure plans for this year.						
	EPWP	Projects to be undertaken this financial year and number of job opportunities to be created.						
2. Institutional Arrangements	Human Resource Strategy	What is your Human Resource Management Strategy? Organogram, number of posts vacant, when do you expect to fill them, any gaps etc.						
	Skills Development Plan	Skills development and attraction strategy to address the delivery needs experienced by the municipality.						
	Performance Management	How is the system aligned to the IDP delivery targets, plans to monitor the implementation of the SDBIP.						
	System	Is performance management implemented with respect to all relevant officials?						
	Operations and Maintenance	What is the plan of maintaining existing infrastructure (i.e. buildings)						
3. Local Economic Development	Alignment (NSDP; PGDS)	What is your LED plan, elements of alignment to the NSDP, PGDS, ASGI-SA projects (where relevant)?						

	DM / LM interface	What contribution do we make to the Provincial and National growth and/or vice versa?									
		Local LED contribution to the District economic growth.									
	Special groups	Does the LED and the empowerment plans empower the local economy with women, youth and the disabled to participate in the economy?									
	1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup> Economies	Plans to ensure economic linkages and benefit between the local first and second economies.									
		Specific second economy plans and possible number of beneficiary households.									
4. Financial Management and Corporate Governance	Submission of FS	Are the financial statements timeously (two months after end of financial year) submitted to the Office of the Auditor-General?									
(Compliance with MFMA and MSA)	Audits	Have the observations of the AG been acted upon in terms of corrective governance procedures and approaches on:  a) the financial audit b) the performance audit									
	Financial Plan (MSA s 26h)	Is there a financial plan that includes a budget projection for at least three years?									
	Budget	Does the compilation and management of the budget comply with the provisions of the MFMA: sections 16 . 26?  Are there measurable performance objectives for each vote in the budget, taking into account the IDP?									
	Duties of office bearers re budget (Mayor: MFMA, sections 21-23 and 52 and 54) (Municipal Manager, sections 68-72)	Has the Mayor performed his or her budget duties: coordinated the processes, tabled a schedule 10 months before start of financial year and consulted with relevant stakeholders? Has the MM undertaken his or her reporting and administrative duties re the Act? Is the budget timetable adhered to (July to June)?									
	Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plan (SDBIP) (MFMA: Section 53)	The SDBIP is a tool approved by the Mayor to manage, implement and continuously monitor delivery of services, spending of budget allocations, performance of senior management and achievement of the strategic objectives set by the Council. Is this plan operative?									
	SDBIP: Political and executive accountabilities	Has a Section 53 document been adopted by Council and are systems in place for effective strategic management?									
	Division of Revenue DORA Equitable Share: Schedules 2 and 3 MIG (infrastructure transfers) Schedule 4B Capacity building Section 14	Municipalities need to demonstrate financial planning aligned to DORA (ES; MIG; Transfers for capacity-building) and have plans to both manage revenue shortfalls and enhance revenue collection.									
	Revenue Management MFMA: s 61; MSA: s 95)	Check that the accounting officer is taking all reasonable steps to comply with legal requirements.									
	Project Consolidate interventions	Is the role of CDWs articulated and incorporated into the IDP? Check budget for skills and capacity development projects.									
	Community participation . budget (MFMA Section 22 . 23)	Has the draft budget been made public and a meeting held with the community to ascertain development priorities? Are these priorities incorporated into the IDP?									
	Anti-corruption	Does the IDP convey a discernible commitment to clean and accountable governance and evidence of investigative action in cases of malpractice?									
5. Governance	Public Participation	Check compliance with MSA:									

Have appropriate mechanisms, proces	sees and procedures been
put in place to enable the community to fithe municipality?  E.g. Public meetings, availability of IDP	o participate in the affairs to community;
involvement of community in developr review of the municipalitys performanc Were community involved in setti performance indicators and targets for	e management system; ing of appropriate key
Are these initiatives reflected in the IDF	
Code of Conduct for Councillors and the provisions of these sections adher	ne Code of Conduct? Are
municipal staff members Does the community have access to the (Sections 1 and 2, MSA)	e Codes of Conduct?
Ward Committees Total number of Ward Committees number of demarcated municipal wards	s;
Are Ward Committee functional; do the Reference of establishment?  Does the IDP report on their contribute municipality?	
Communication Is the municipality complying with	MSA (S21) directives
regarding communication to the local of E.g. Official website should be estable	ommunity? ished (if affordable; if not
via an intergovernmental arrangement) Website or public place must contain public in terms of the MPFMA and MSA	documents to be made
Are there indications of a positive in ward committee and community?  Does the IDP demonstrate a commitment of the indications of a positive in ward committee and commitment of the indications of a positive in ward committee.	
6. Intergovernmental Cooperative MSA S3 defines how local gov	rernment must develop
relations governance cooperative approaches to governing, disputes and problems within cont principles discernible in the IDP?	
Establishment of The IGRF Act requires that there a	
IGR Forums: intergovernmental forum to promote a Provincial . a) provinces and local government,	
Premier Forum municipalities. Interprovincial Is the IDP benefiting from intergovernm	
forums; Local: District	
forums; Inter-municipality	
forums   Role of IGR Forums   The forum must meet at least once a y	year with service providers
to promote and other role players concerned to	
service delivery district, to coordinate effective provision in the district.	n of services and planning
Does the IDP reflect engagement with	
Reporting and The Premier of a province must sector involvement implementation of national policy at province.	
in planning province. The role of sectors in local delivery must ls the IDP aligned to these obligations?	
Assignment of Do appropriate intergovernmental agree management of assignments within the functions	ements facilitate effective municipality?
7. Spatial Development Framework Sustainable Human Settlements Check that municipalities are familiar on SHS and implications of new accred Municipalities need to be working inter-	ditation framework.
joint planning in land access, econo infrastructure delivery and provision of	mic and labour profiling, services.
National Spatial The updated NSDP is being commu	
Development municipalities between February and A Perspective (NSDP) understood and there are manageme	
are incorporated into joint planning	ent plans to ensure these
NCDD connamic and cooled profile for t	initiatives aligned to the
NSDP economic and social profile for to Provincial Growth New Guidelines are available for provincial Robert Provincial Growth New Guidelines are available for provincial Robert Provincia Robert Provinci	initiatives aligned to the hat province / region.
	initiatives aligned to the hat province / region. nces and municipalities to

	local economic development initiatives based on local and regional economic realities?
Geograph	Are studies undertaken to understand environmental and geographic characteristics of the region and the implications for economic spatial choices?
Demogra	hic profile Have the demographics of the region in terms of household size, poverty statistics, migration, labour preferences, birth and death rates been factored into the spatial strategy of the municipality?

# 3. TIME SCHEDULE OF KEY DEADLINES

The National Treasury Department provides guidance in terms of the key deadlines and activities for the IDP- Budget process applicable to municipalities as per the Municipal Systems Act of 2000 and the Municipal Finance Management Act of 2003 as reflected in table C below:

Table C: Time Schedule key deadlines and activities.

	Mayor to Table in Council 10 Months Prior to Start of Budget Year										
Month	Mayor and Council / Entity Board	Administration - Municipality and Entity									
July	Mayor begins planning for next three-year budget in accordance with co-ordination role of budget process MFMA s 53	Accounting officers and senior officials of municipality and entities begin planning for next three-year budget  MFMA s 68, 77									
	Planning includes review of the previous years budget process and completion of the Budget Evaluation Checklist	Accounting officers and senior officials of municipality and entities review options and contracts for service delivery  MSA s 76-81									
August	Mayor tables in Council a time schedule outlining key deadlines for: preparing, tabling and approving the budget; reviewing the IDP (as per s 34 of MSA) and budget related policies and consultation processes at least 10 months before the start of the budget year.  MFMA s 21,22, 23; MSA s 34, Ch 4 as amended  Mayor establishes committees and consultation forums for the										
	budget process										
September	Council through the IDP review process determines strategic objectives for service delivery and development for next three-year budgets including review of provincial and national government sector and strategic plans	Budget offices of municipality and entities determine revenue projections and proposed rate and service charges and drafts initial allocations to functions and departments for the next financial year after taking into account strategic objectives  Engages with Provincial and National sector departments on sector specific programmes for alignment with municipalities plans (schools, libraries, clinics, water, electricity, roads, etc)									
October		Accounting officer does initial review of national policies and budget plans and potential price increases of bulk resources with function and department officials  MFMA s 35, 36, 42; MTBPS									
November		Accounting officer reviews and drafts initial changes to IDP  MSA s 34									
December	Council finalises tariff (rates and service charges) policies for next financial year  MSA s 74, 75	Accounting officer and senior officials consolidate and prepare proposed budget and plans for next financial year taking into account previous years performance as per audited financial statements									
January	Entity board of directors must approve and submit proposed budget and plans for next three-year budgets to parent municipality at least 150 days before the start of the budget year  MFMA s 87(1)	Accounting officer reviews proposed national and provincial allocations to municipality for incorporation into the draft budget for tabling. (Proposed national and provincial allocations for three years must be available by 20 January)  MFMA s 36									

February	Council considers municipal entity proposed budget and service delivery plan and accepts or makes recommendations to the entity  MFMA s 87(2)	Accounting officer finalises and submits to Mayor proposed budgets and plans for next three-year budgets taking into account the recent mid-year review and any corrective measures proposed as part of the oversight report for the previous years audited financial statements and annual report  Accounting officer to notify relevant municipalities of projected allocations for next three budget years 120 days prior to start of budget year  MFMA s 37(2)
March	Entity board of directors considers recommendations of parent municipality and submit revised budget by 22nd of month  MFMA s 87(2)	Accounting officer publishes tabled budget, plans, and proposed revisions to IDP, invites local community comment and submits to NT, PT and others as prescribe MFMA s 22 & 37; MSA Ch 4 as amended
	Mayor tables municipality budget, budgets of entities, resolutions, plans, and proposed revisions to IDP at least 90 days before start of budget year MFMA s 16, 22, 23, 87; MSA s 34	Accounting officer reviews any changes in prices for bulk resources as communicated by 15 March  MFMA s 42
April	Consultation with national and provincial treasuries and finalise sector plans for water, sanitation, electricity etc MFMA s 21	Accounting officer assists the Mayor in revising budget documentation in accordance with consultative processe and taking into account the results from the third quarterl review of the current year
Мау	Public hearings on the budget, and council debate. Council consider views of the local community, NT, PT, other provincial and national organs of state and municipalities. Mayor to be provided with an opportunity to respond to submissions during consultation and table amendments for council consideration. Council to consider approval of budget and plans at least 30 days before start of budget year.  MFMA s 23, 24; MSA Ch 4 as amended	Accounting officer assists the Mayor in preparing the fina budget documentation for consideration for approval at least 30 days before the start of the budget year taking into account consultative processes and any other new information of a material nature
	Entity board of directors to approve the budget of the entity not later than 30 days before the start of the financial year, taking into account any hearings or recommendations of the council of the parent municipality  MFMA s 87	
June	Council must approve annual budget by resolution, setting taxes and tariffs, approving changes to IDP and budget related policies, approving measurable performance objectives for revenue by source and expenditure by vote before start of budget year  MFMA s 16, 24, 26, 53	Accounting officer submits to the mayor no later than 14 days after approval of the budget a draft of the SDBIP and annual performance agreements required by s 57(1) (b) of the MSA.  MFMA s 69; MSA s 57
	Mayor must approve SDBIP within 28 days after approval of the budget and ensure that annual performance contracts are concluded in accordance with s 57(2) of the MSA. Mayor to ensure that the annual performance agreements are linked to the measurable performance objectives approved with the budget and SDBIP. The mayor submits the approved SDBIP and performance agreements to council, MEC for local government and makes public within 14 days after approval.  MFMA s 53; MSA s 38-45, 57(2)	Accounting officers of municipality and entities publishes adopted budget and plans  MFMA s 75, 87
	Council must finalise a system of delegations.  MFMA s 59, 79, 82; MSA s 59-65	

Abbreviations: IDP - Integrated Development Plan; MFMA - Local Government: Municipal Finance Management Act, No. 56 of 2003;
MSA - Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, No. 32 of 2000, as amended; MTBPS - National Treasury annual publication,
Medium Term Budget and Policy Statement; NT - National Treasury; PT - Provincial Treasuries; SDBIP - Service Delivery and Budget
Implementation Plan

#### 4. THE 2017/18 IDP COMPILATION PROCESS

# **4.1. COMPILATION PHASES**

The compilation of the 2017/18 IDPs in the municipality will comprise of the following phases; preparation, analysis, strategies, projects, integration and approval phase (see figure 1 below).

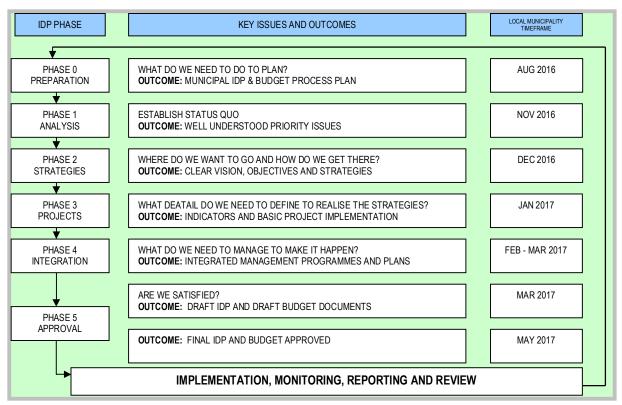


Figure 1: Compilation of the 2017/18 IDP & BUDGET

# 4.2. SUBMISSION OF APPROVED IDP TO MEC FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND TRADITIONAL LEADERSHIP

In terms of Section 32 (1) of the MSA states that:-

- (a) The Municipal Manager of a municipality must submit a copy of the Integrated Development Plan as adopted by the council of the municipality and any subsequent amendment to the plan, to the MEC for local government in the province within 10 days of the adoption or amendment of the plan.
- (b) The copy of the IDP to be submitted must be accompanied by:-
  - (i) a summary of the process in terms of Section 29 (1);
  - (ii) a statement that the process has been complied with, together with any explanations that may be necessary to amplify the statement;

# 4.3. DRAFTING AND ADOPTION OF MUNICIPAL BUDGET

The drafting of the municipal budget is regulated in terms of the Local Government: Municipal Finance Management Act of 2003 (MFMA).

Section 21(1) of the MFMA states that the Mayor of a municipality must:

(a) Co-ordinate the processes for preparing the annual budget and for reviewing the municipality's integrated development plan and budget-related policies to ensure that the tabled budget and any revisions of the integrated development plan and budget-related policies are mutually consistent and credible.

- (b) At least 10 months before the start of the budget year, table in the municipal council a time schedule outlining key deadlines for:-
  - (i) the preparation, tabling and approval of the annual budget;
  - (ii) the annual review of:-(aa)the IDP in terms of section 34 of the Municipal Systems Act; and(bb)the budget related policies;
  - (iii) the tabling and adoption of any amendments to the IDP and the budget-related policies; and
  - (iv) any consultative process forming part of the processes referred to in (i), (ii) and (iii) above.

In order for the municipal council to adopt the budget of the municipality, the mayor of the municipality must table the annual budget at a council meeting at least 90 days before the start of the budget year in terms of Section 16 (2) of the MFMA, which annual budget must be approved by the Council, in terms of Section 16 (1) of the same Act, before the start of that financial year.

# 4.4. IMPLEMENTATION MANAGEMENT & MONITORING

Chapter 6 of the MSA requires municipalities to develop and implement performance management systems. A municipality performance management system entails a framework that describes and represents how the municipality cycle and processes of performance planning, monitoring, measurement, review, reporting and improvement will be conducted, organised and managed, including determining the roles of the different role-players. A performance management system must be adopted before or at the same time as the commencement by the municipality of the process of setting key performance indicators and targets in accordance with its integrated development plan. The system further provides the municipality with a mechanism of early warning for under-performance and promotes accountability and good corporate governance.

In order to implement the identified performance objectives and targets through the budget, S53 of the MFMA requires that the Mayor approves the municipality's Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plan (SDBIP) within 28 days after the approval of the budget. The implementation of the SDBIP must be linked to the performance agreement that must be concluded in terms of the Municipal Manager and managers reporting to him, in terms of S57 of the MSA. In order to continually review municipal performance,

In terms of the Local Government: Municipal Planning and Performance Management Regulations of 2001 a municipality must, after consultation with the local community, develop and implement mechanisms, systems and processes for the monitoring, measurement and review of performance in respect of the key performance indicators and performance targets set by it. The mechanisms, systems and processes for monitoring and must:

- provide for reporting to the municipal council at least twice a year;
- be designed in a manner that enables the municipality to detect early indications of underperformance; and
- provide for corrective measures where under-performance has been identified.

A municipality must develop and implement mechanisms, systems and processes for auditing the results of performance measurements as part of its internal auditing processes. In order to fully execute the function of auditing performance, S14 (2) (a) of the Regulations require that a municipality must annually appoint and budget for a performance audit committee.

# 4.5. PROGRAMMES AND TIME FRAMES

Below is a table of the Programme that summarizes the overall time frames for various phases and highlights some of the key events and activities.

PHASES	PERIOD	KEY EVENTS/ACTIVITIES
Preparation	July 2016 . Aug 2016	<ul> <li>Attend District IDP Rep Forum</li> <li>Prepare Process Plan</li> <li>Presentation and submission of draft Process Plan to the EXCO</li> <li>Submit the draft Process Plan to Council for adoption</li> </ul>
Monitoring, Evaluation & Updated Analysis	Aug 2016 . Nov 2016	<ul> <li>1st IDP &amp; Budget Rep Forum</li> <li>IDP &amp; Budget Steering Committee</li> <li>Ward Surveys</li> <li>Public Consultation (Mayoral Outreach)</li> <li>IDP &amp; Budget Technical/Steering Committee</li> <li>Attend District IDP Rep Forum</li> </ul>
Objectives, Strategies, Projects & Programmes	Nov 2016 . Jan 2017	Mayoral Strategic Planning Workshop:     IDP & Budget Technical/Steering Committee     Review of performance plans/agreements     Attend District IDP Rep Forum
Consolidate IDP	Jan 2017 . April 2017	
Approval	April 2017 . Jun 2017	·

# 4.6. PROCESS ACTION PLAN

The IDP Process Action plan is depicted in table overleaf:

# **IDP PROCESS ACTION PLAN FOR 2017/2018**

	Qtr	1											Qtr 2											Qtr3													Qtr 4												
		July	2016			Aug	j. 2016			Sep	ot. 2016	6		Oc	t. 2016			N	lov. 2	016			Dec. 2	2016			Jan.	2017			Feb. 2	017			Mar. 2	2017			Apr.	2017			May 2	017			Jun 20	.017	
Activities	W1	W2	W3	W4	W1	W2	W3	W4	W	1 W2	W3	W4	W1	W2	W3	W4	4 V	W1 \	W2	W3	W4	W1	W2	W3	W4	W1	W2	W3	W4	W1	W2	W3	W4	W1	W2	W3	W4	W1	W2	W3	W4	W1	W2	W3	W4	W1	W2	W3	W4
repare and approve IDP & Budget rocess Plan																																																	
Advertise IDP Review Process																																																	
reparation of Ward Based Plans																								_			_	1																					
ublic participation														П	$T_1$																																		
trategic Planning Session																																																	
Representative forum meetings																																																	
OM Representative Forum Meeting																																	L	_															
Budget Technical/Steering Committee																						_																					fina						
Oraft IDP and Budget adopted for omment																																					_												
Oraft SDBIP prepared																																						-											
Draft IDP and Budget published for omment																																						Γ	_	Г	Г								
inal IDP and Budget approved																																													- 1				
inal IDP Submitted to MEC for ocal Government (10 days)																																																	
Adopted IDP and Budget published or public information																																																	
DBIP and draft performance greements of Section 57 Managers abmitted to Mayor																																																	
DBIP and draft performance greements of Section 57 Managers pproved by Mayor																																																	
Approved SDBIP published																																																	
DBIP submitted to Council and to AEC for Local Government, Vational and Provincial Treasury																																																	

# 4.7. PROCESS FOR AMENDING AN ADOPTED IDP

In terms of Municipal Planning and Performance Management Regulations of 2001, Gazette No. R. 796, S3 only a member or committee of a municipal Council may introduce a proposal for amending the municipality's integrated development plan in the Council. Any proposal for amending a municipality's Integrated Development Plan must be aligned with the framework adopted in terms of S27 of the MSA.

In terms of the regulations, no amendment to a municipality's IDP may be adopted by the municipal Council unless:

- ✓ all the members of the Council have been given reasonable notice:
- ✓ the proposed amendment has been published for public comment for a period of at least 21 days in a manner that allows the public an opportunity to make representations with regard to the proposed amendment;
- ✓ the municipality, if it is a district municipality, has consult all the local municipalities in the area of the
  district municipality on the proposed amendment and has taken all comments submitted to it by the
  local municipalities in that area into account before it takes a final decision on the proposed
  amendment;
- ✓ the municipality, if it is a local municipality, has consulted the district municipality in whose area it falls on the proposed amendment, and has taken all comments submitted to it by the district municipality into account before it takes a final decision on the proposed

# 5. MECHANISMS AND PROCEDURES FOR PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

One of the main features about IDP and Budget Processes is the involvement of community and stakeholder organizations in the process. This ensures that the IDP addresses the real issues that are being experienced by the citizens. Both the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996 and the Municipal Systems Act of 2000 stipulate that one of the objectives of municipalities is ‰ encourage the involvement of communities and community organizations in the matters of local government. The White Paper on Local Government also put emphasis on public participation.

Through the Municipal Systems Act, participation in the decision-making processes of the municipality, participation of communities, residents and ratepayers is determined to be a right. The IDP is, therefore, also emphasized as a special field of public participation.

It is therefore evident that public participation should be promoted in order to achieve, *inter alia*, the following objectives:

- Consult with the community on their developmental challenges
- Form basis for people-centred governance and bottom-up planning process
- Improve the relationship between council and the communities and thereby improve political accountability and transparency
- Empower communities through information dissemination/assimilation
- Establish the community feedback programme, which allows local leaders the opportunity to interact with communities on issues of service delivery.
- Provide communities with a platform to influence the developmental trajectory of municipalities and government in general
- Provides the municipality with a project/programme evaluation and implementation monitoring feedback mechanism

# **5.1. PARTICIPATION MECHANISM**

Provisions of MSA Chapter 4 Section 17 provide for mechanisms for participation:

- IDP Rep Forum to verify and add data;
- District Municipality Rep Forum to ensure that local priorities are adequately reflected on the District IDP;
- Use Ward Councillors to call meetings to keep communities informed on IDP progress (including Ward Committees and CDWs);
- · Publish annual reports on municipal progress;

- Advertise on local newspapers and community radios on the progress;
- Develop pamphlets and booklets on IDP where necessary;
- · Making the IDP document available to all units and public places for public comments; and
- Making use of municipal notice boards; municipal website and municipal newsletter.

# **5.2. APPROPRIATE LANGUAGE USE**

English will be used as a medium language; however, in community meetings languages that are spoken in that community will also be used.

# 5.3. APPROPRIATE VENUES AND TRANSPORT

- Officials will be responsible for arranging venues and transport for all wards;
- Transport will be arranged for Traditional Leaders, Designated Groups and Ward Committees;
- ELM will be responsible for the costs of these meetings
- ELM will prepare a budget outline for IDP & Budget meetings
- Refreshments will be provided at the discretion of the Municipal Manager.

#### 5.4. INVOLVEMENT OF TRADITIONAL LEADERSHIP

Section 81 of the Local Government: Municipal Structures Act states that traditional authorities may participate in council matters through their leaders and those traditional leaders must be allowed to attend and participate in any meeting of the council. The act further stipulates that the Council should give traditional authorities a chance to express their views if the matter in question directly affects the area of a traditional authority. It is therefore of vital importance that they continue to contribute in enhancing community participation in council matters and in government at large.

# 5.5. INVOLVEMENT OF WARD COMMITTEES AND CDWS

Ward committees are key in this process as espoused both in the Municipal Structures Act and the MSA. Ward committees represent the development aspirations and needs of the wards they represent and also form an information assimilation/dissemination mechanism between a municipal council and the community. The ward committees are key in the development, implementation, monitoring and evaluation of municipal performance on service delivery as espoused in the municipal IDPs.

Ward committees as one formal element of public representation in government affairs, in terms of the Structures Act of 1998, should be established in each ward. This will deepen the involvement of local communities in local governance processes such as Integrated Development Planning (IDP), the budget, performance management and service delivery. This applies in respect of implementation, monitoring and evaluation as well as planning. Thus, ward committee members and ward councillors should play a key role in mobilising the communities as well as in the identification of the developmental matters concerning the wards they are representing in the municipalities.

# 6. ALIGNMENT BETWEEN THE DISTRICT AND LOCAL MUNICIPALITIES

Alignment is the instrument that syntheses and integrates the top-down and the bottom-up planning process between different spheres of government. Not only is alignment between the District and the Local Municipalities important, but also between the Local Municipalities within the jurisdiction of the District Municipality. The alignment procedures and mechanisms should be incorporated in the process plans of the Municipalities, while the responsibility for alignment rests with the District Municipalities.

The Assistant Manager: IDP/PMS of the municipality is responsible for ensuring smooth coordination of local municipal IDP reviews and their alignment with the district IDP compilation through the use of workshops and

bilateral discussions with affected sector departments or municipalities. The Inter-Governmental Forum will also be used to ensure that beneficial alignment of programmes and projects occur.

# 7. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES BETWEEN THE THREE SPHERES OF GOVERNMENT

Table D overleaf summarizes the distribution of roles and responsibilities between the spheres of government. Roles for the District and the role for local municipalities are also outlined.

It will be critical that the duties between council, administration and communities are clearly outlined. The summary of the roles and responsibilities of the discussed external and internal role players is depicted in table E.

Table D: <u>Distribution of roles and responsibilities between the three spheres of government</u>

Responsibility	Stakeholders													
	Local Government		Provincial Government	National Government										
	District	Local Municipality												
	<ul> <li>Ensuring vertical alignment between district and local planning;</li> <li>Facilitation of vertical alignment of IDPs with other spheres of government and sector departments;</li> <li>Preparation of joint strategy workshops with local municipalities, provincial and national role players and other subject matter specialists</li> <li>Determine district scale issues, problems, potentials and priorities.</li> <li>Ensuring that all relevant actors are appropriately involved;</li> <li>Ensuring that appropriate mechanisms and procedures for public consultation and participation are applied;</li> <li>Ensuring that the planning events are undertaken in accordance with the time schedule;</li> <li>Adopt and approve the IDP</li> <li>Adjust the IDP in accordance with the MEC for Local Governments proposal</li> <li>Ensure that the annual budget processes are undertaken</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Prepare, decide on and adopt a Process Plan.</li> <li>Ensuring that all relevant actors are appropriately involved;</li> <li>Ensuring that appropriate mechanisms and procedures for public consultation and participation are applied;</li> <li>Ensuring that the planning events are undertaken in accordance with the time schedule;</li> <li>Adopt and approve the IDP</li> <li>Adjust the IDP in accordance with the MEC for Local Governments proposal</li> <li>Ensure that the annual budget processes are undertaken</li> </ul>	IDPs of the district municipalities within the province.  Ensuring vertical/sector alignment between provincial sector departments strategic plans and the IDP process at local/district level by: guiding the provincial sector departmentsq participation in and their required contribution to the municipal planning process; and Guiding them in assessing draft IDPs and aligning their sectoral programmes and budgets with the IDPs.  Assist municipalities in the IDP drafting process where required and Monitoring the progress of the IDP processes.  Organise IDP related training where required.	<ul> <li>Provide support to Provincial and Local Government</li> <li>Provide legal framework and policy guidelines and principles</li> <li>Provide a set of planning tools of methods;</li> <li>Cater for the elaboration of a general framework for training programmes and curricular development;</li> <li>Contribute to the planning costs;</li> <li>Provide a nation-wide planning support system;</li> <li>Monitor the planning and implementation process; and</li> <li>Provide opportunities for exchange of ideas and experiences.</li> </ul>										

Table E: Duties of council, administration and community

Table E: <u>Duties of council, administration and community</u>											
DUTIES OF MUNICIPAL COUNCIL	DUTIES OF MUNICIPAL ADMINISTRATION	DUTIES OF COMMUNITIES									
<ul> <li>The council of a municipality has the right to govern on its own initiative the local government affairs of the local community;</li> </ul>	Be responsive to the needs of the local community;     Facilitate a culture of public service and	<ul> <li>Contribute to the decision-making processes of the municipality</li> <li>Submit written or oral recommendations, representations and complaints to the municipal council or to another political structure or</li> </ul>									
<ul> <li>Exercise the municipalitys executive and legislative authority, and to do so without improper interference;</li> <li>Finance the affairs of the municipality by charging fees for services and imposing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>accountability amongst staff</li> <li>Take measures to prevent corruption;</li> <li>Establish clear relationships, and facilitate co-operation and communication between it and the local community;</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>a political office bearer or the administration of the municipality;</li> <li>To prompt responses to their written or oral communications, including complaints, to the municipal council or to another political structure or a political office bearer or the administration of the municipality;</li> </ul>									
surcharges on fees, rates on property, other taxes, levies and duties  Exercise the municipalitys executive and legislative authority and use the resources of the municipality in the best interests of the local	<ul> <li>Give members of the local community full and accurate information about the level and standard of municipal services they are entitled to receive;</li> <li>Inform the local community how the</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To be informed of decisions of the municipal council, or another political structure or any political office bearer of the municipality, affecting their rights, property and reasonable expectations;</li> <li>To regular disclosure of the state of affairs of the municipality including its finances</li> </ul>									
community;  Provide, without favour or prejudice, democratic and accountable government;  Encourage the involvement of the local	municipality is managed of the costs involved and the persons in charge.  Forms the machinery of a municipality  Undertake the overall management and co-	<ul> <li>To demand that the proceedings of the municipal council and those of its committees must be open to the public, subject to section, be conducted impartially and without prejudice; and be untainted by personal self-interest;</li> </ul>									
community in the affairs of the council;  Strive to ensure that municipal services are provided to the local community in a financially and environmentally sustainable manner;  Give members of the local community equitable	ordination of the planning process;  Ensure that all relevant actors are appropriately involved in municipal	<ul> <li>To have access to municipal services which the municipality provides,</li> <li>Members of the local community have the duty when exercising their rights, to observe the mechanisms, processes and procedures of the municipality;</li> </ul>									
<ul> <li>access to the municipal services to which they are entitled;</li> <li>Promote and undertake development in the municipality;</li> </ul>	planning processes,  Ensure that the planning process is participatory, strategic and implementation orientated and is aligned with and satisfies	<ul> <li>Members of the local community have the duty to pay promptly service fees, surcharges on fees, rates on property and other taxes, levies and duties imposed by the municipality:</li> <li>To comply with by-laws of the municipality applicable to them.</li> </ul>									
<ul> <li>Promote gender equity in the exercise of the municipality executive and legislative authority;</li> <li>Promote a safe and healthy environment in the municipality;</li> </ul>	sector planning requirements;  Respond to comments from the public on the draft IDP and budget	<ul> <li>The community must fully participate in governing their municipality by attending IDP meetings</li> <li>The community must inform its municipality of their developmental needs, their problems, challenges and priorities (e.g. Lack of roads,</li> </ul>									
<ul> <li>Contribute, together with other organs of state, to the progressive realisation of the fundamental rights contained in Sections 24 (safe and healthy environment), 25 (access to property), 26 (access to housing), 27 (access to Health</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Horizontal alignment and other spheres of government to the satisfaction of the municipal council;</li> <li>Ensure that the needs and priorities of the</li> </ul>	housing, electricity, clean water, etc.).  Participate and influence municipalitys budget  To be fully involved in the planning processes  To provide relevant information to the councillors, ward committees									
care, food, water and social security and 29 (access to education) of the Constitution.	community are reflected in the IDP.  To ensure that the public participates fully and meaningfully in developing the municipal IDP process.	<ul> <li>and CDWs</li> <li>To participate in ward and community meetings and raise their developmental aspirations, service delivery challenges and issues</li> <li>To assist in facilitating implementation and monitoring of projects</li> <li>To participate and inform government programmes such as community policing forums</li> </ul>									

# 8. ORGANIZATIONAL ARRANGEMENTS

The IDP preparation process requires an extensive consultation and participation of communities, all roleplayers and key stakeholders in order to achieve shared understanding of the municipal development trajectory and alignment. Although municipalities are expected to establish participation structures, it will however be critical to consider utilising existing arrangements, and adapt them if necessary, and avoid duplication of mechanisms. Table F presents the institutional arrangements focusing on a structure, composition and terms of reference aspects.

**Table F: ELM IDP Institutional Arrangements** 

STRUCTURE	MEMBERS	TERMS OF REFERENCE
IDP & Budget Steering Committee	Chair: Mr. K. Gashi (Municipal Manager)  Composition: EXCO Members: the Mayor: Cllr Lengs; Cllrs Naketsana; Nkalitshana; Mqamelo; Leteba and May  All HODs and Assistant Managers  Secretariat: IDP Unit	<ul> <li>Provide ToR for various planning activities</li> <li>Commissions research studies</li> <li>Considers and comments on:         <ul> <li>inputs from sub-committee study teams and Service Providers</li> <li>inputs from national and provincial sector departments and support providers</li> </ul> </li> <li>Processes, summaries and documents inputs.</li> <li>Makes content recommendations</li> <li>Prepares, facilitates and documents meetings</li> </ul>
Finance Sub-committee	Chair: Mr. J. Mdeni (CFO) Ms F. Mbaliswana-Vellem (BTO)	Considers budget proposals
IDP & Budget Rep Forum  Assistant Manager:	Chair: Mayor: Cllr Lengs  Secretariat: IDP Unit  Composition:      All councillors      HODs and Assistant Managers      2 Reps from Ward Committees      All CDWs      2 Reps from Traditional Leaders      1 Rep from Stakeholder representatives of organized groups      2 Reps from Community representatives      Reps from Sector Depts.      2 Reps from Advocates for unorganized groups	Represents interests of their constituencies in the IDP processes     Provide an organizational mechanism for discussion, negotiation and decision making between stakeholders including the municipal government.     Monitor performance of the planning and implementation processes     Participates in the process of setting up and monitoring KPIs
Assistant Manager: IDP/PMS	IDP Unit	<ul> <li>Responsible for preparing the Process Plan</li> <li>Responsible for the day-to-day management of the planning process</li> </ul>

IDP & Budget Technical	Chair: Mr. K. Gashi (Municipal	•	Must provide relevant
Committee	Manager)		technical, sector and financial
	Composition: All HODs;		information for analysis for
	Assistant Managers and officials reporting directly to the		determining priority issues
		•	Must contribute technical
	HODs		expertise in the consideration
			and finalization of strategies
			and identification of projects
		•	Must provide departmental
			operational and capital
			budgetary information
		•	Must be responsible for the
			preparation of project
			proposals, the integration of
			projects and sector
			programmes
		•	Must be responsible for
			preparing amendments to the
			draft IDP for submission to
			Municipal Council for approval

# 9. PROCESS FOR AMENDING AN ADOPTED IDP

Any proposal for amending a municipality's integrated development plan must be aligned with the framework adopted in terms of S27 of the MSA.

- No amendment to a municipality's integrated development plan may be adopted by the municipal council unless:
- ♦ All the members of the council have been given reasonable notice;
- The proposed amendment has been published for public comment for a period of at least 21 days in a manner that allows the public an opportunity to make representations with regard to the proposed amendment:
- The municipality, if it is a district municipality, has consult all the local municipalities in the area of the district municipality on the proposed amendment and has taken all comments submitted to it by the local municipalities in that area into account before it takes a final decision on the proposed amendment.
- The municipality, if it is a local municipality, has consulted the district municipality in whose area it falls on the proposed amendment, and has taken all comments submitted to it by the district municipality into account before it takes a final decision on the proposed.

# 10. AMMENDMENT OF PROCESS PLAN

The Municipal Council, through the EXCO has a central role in monitoring the implementation of the Process Plan. Nevertheless, should there be a need to amend the municipal Process Plan the following process will be pursued:

- The ELM shall after each phase of the IDP to assess progress on the implementation of the Process Plan
- Each municipality must inform the District Municipality on likely deviations;
- A municipality must submit to the District a recommendation for amendment(s) to the District Framework Plan as and when required after the approval of the Municipal Council concerned;
- The approval of any amendment to the District Framework Plan is a competency of the District Council.

# 11. CONCLUSION

This Process Plan was compiled in terms of Section 28 of the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, 32 of 2000 and therefore the provisions of this document shall be followed by the municipality in the compilation of its 2017/18 Process Plans and ultimately the compilation and adoption of the 2017/18 Integrated Development Plan and Budget.